WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method for attenuating the virulence of a microbial pathogen or for inhibiting or reducing colonization by a microbial pathogen in a patient in need thereof, comprising administering to the patient in need an effective amount of c-di-GMP or a cyclic dinucleotide analogue thereof to attenuate the virulence of, or to inhibit or reduce colonization by, the microbial pathogen.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the attenuation of the virulence of a microbial pathogen comprises treating a bacterial infection.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein said bacterial infection is a Staphylococcus aureus infection.
- 4. The method of claim 2, wherein said bacterial infection is mastitis, a *Staphylococcus aureus* infection of the mammary gland.
- 5. The method of claim 2, wherein said bacterial infection is treated by inhibiting microbial biofilm formation or by reducing the microbial biofilm already formed.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein said c-di-GMP or cyclic dinucleotide analogue thereof comprises c-di-GMP or a cyclic dinucleotide analogue thereof which acts as a c-di-GMP agonist.
- 7. The method of claim 6, wherein said microbial biofilm is Staphylococcus aureus biofilm.
- 8. The method of claim 5, wherein said c-di-GMP or cyclic dinucleotide analogue thereof comprises a cyclic dinucleotide analogue of c-di-GMP which acts as a c-di-GMP antagonist.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein said microbial biofilm is *Vibrio cholerae* biofilm or *Salmonella enteritidis* biofilm.

- 10. The method of claim 5, wherein said microbial biofilm is on the skin or on a nasal or mucosal surface.
- 11. The method of claim 2, further comprising administering an antibiotic compound which is effective in treating said bacterial infection.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein said cyclic dinucleotide analogue of c-di-GMP is selected from the group consisting of cyclic dinucleotides compounds (I)-(XIX).
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the inhibition or reduction of colonization of a microbial pathogen comprises treating a patient at risk of being colonized by a microbial pathogen or a patient already colonized by a microbial pathogen.
- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the colonization of a microbial pathogen that is inhibited or reduced is on the skin or on a nasal or mucosal surface.
- 15. The method of claim 13, wherein said microbial pathogen is Staphylococcus aureus.
- 16. The method of claim 13, wherein said patient is a carrier of Staphylococcus aureus.
- 17. A method for inhibiting microbial colonization and biofilm formation or for reducing colonization and pre-formed microbial biofilm on a solid surface, comprising exposing the solid surface to an effective amount of c-di-GMP or a cyclic dinucleotide analogue thereof to inhibit microbial colonization and biofilm formation or to reduce microbial colonization and pre-formed biofilm on said solid surface.
- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein said solid surface is a solid surface of a medical device.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein said medical device is implantable in or capable of attaching to a patient.

- 20. The method of claim 18, wherein said medical device is implanted in a patient or otherwise in contact with a patient.
- 21. The method of claim 17, wherein the microbial colonization and biofilm is Staphylococcus aureus colonization and biofilm and said c-di-GMP or cyclic dinucleotide analogue thereof is c-di-GMP or a cyclic dinucleotide agonist thereof.
- 22. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising c-di-GMP or a cyclic dinucleotide analogue thereof as an active ingredient and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- 23. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 22, wherein said cyclic dinucleotide analogue of c-di-GMP is selected from the group consisting of cyclic dinucleotide compounds (I)-(XIX).
- 24. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 22, comprising a cyclic dinucleotide analogue which acts as a c-di-GMP agonist.
- 25. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 22, comprising a cyclic dinucleotide analogue which acts as a c-di-GMP antagonist.
- 26. Use of c-di-GMP or a cyclic dinucleotide analogue thereof in the preparation of a medicament for treating bacterial infections.
- 27. Use of c-di-GMP or a cyclic dinucleotide analogue thereof in the preparation of a medicament for inhibiting colonization and microbial biofilm formation or for reducing colonization and pre-formed microbial biofilm.